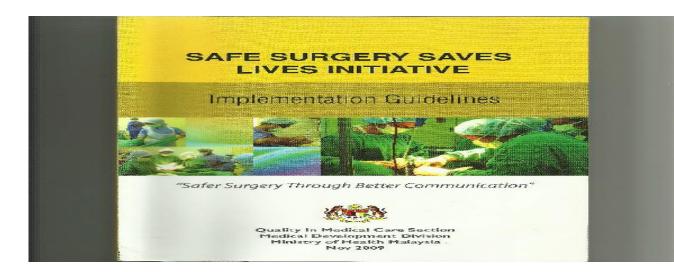
HOW CAN NURSES ASSIST SURGEONS & ANAESTHETISTS IN SSSL PROGRAMME



MATRON NORLELA JALIL JURURAWAT U41 HOSPITAL WANITA DAN KANAK KANAK SABAH



The perioperative environment is multidimensional, dynamic, and composed of multidisciplinary teams.

The perioperative nurse is responsible in delivering highest quality nursing care during the surgical journey of the patient to ensure safe and effective outcomes.





- 1. The team will operate on the correct patient at the correct site.
- 2. The team will use methods known to prevent harm from administration of anaesthetics, while protecting the patient from pain.
- 3. The team will recognize and effectively prepare for life threatening loss of airway or respiratory function.

WHO'S 10 OBJECTIVES FOR SAFE SURGERY (Con't)

- 4. The team will recognize and effectively prepare for risk of high blood loss.
- 5. The team will avoid inducing an allergic or adverse drug reaction for which patient is known to be at significant risk.
- 6. The team will consistently use methods known to minimize the risk for surgical site infection.

WHO'S 10 OBJECTIVES FOR SAFE SURGERY (Con't)

- 7. The team will prevent inadvertent retention of instruments or sponges in surgical wounds.
- 8. The team will secure and accurately identify all surgical specimens.
- 9. The team will effectively communicate and exchange critical information for the safe conduct of the operation.
- 10. Hospitals and public health systems will establish routine surveillance of surgical capacity, volume and results.

NURSES PLAY MAJOR ROLE IN IMPLEMENTATION OF SSSL PROGRAM

NURSES ROLE

- ► ASSISTING LEGAL DOCUMENTATION- CONSENT
- ACCURACY OF PATIENT IDENTIFICATION
- ► PATIENT PREPARATION PHYSICALLY AND MENTALY
- ► HANDLING PROPHYLAXIS PROCEDURE E.G BATHING, ANTIBIOTIC
- CORRECT COUNTING
- PERIODIC UPDATE
- MAINTAINED STERILITY
- ENSURE PATIENT SAFETY
- MANAGING EQUIPMENT
- DOCUMENTATION
- ► REPORTING

Pre operative

- Ensure and confirms the correct patient for the correct surgery in accordance to the SSSL perioperative check list at the receiving bay
- Be able to identify potential risks and take appropriate action to minimize risk.
- Ensuring appropriate and available diagnostic images
- Assessing allergies, sensitivities, fasting status of the patient and availability of blood

Cont'

- Collaborate with the anaesthetist by providing support for the safe administration of anesthesia, assessment, monitoring and maintenance of fluids
- Assessment for hazards to patient and personnel

Provide equipment and supplies for anticipated and unanticipated critical events.

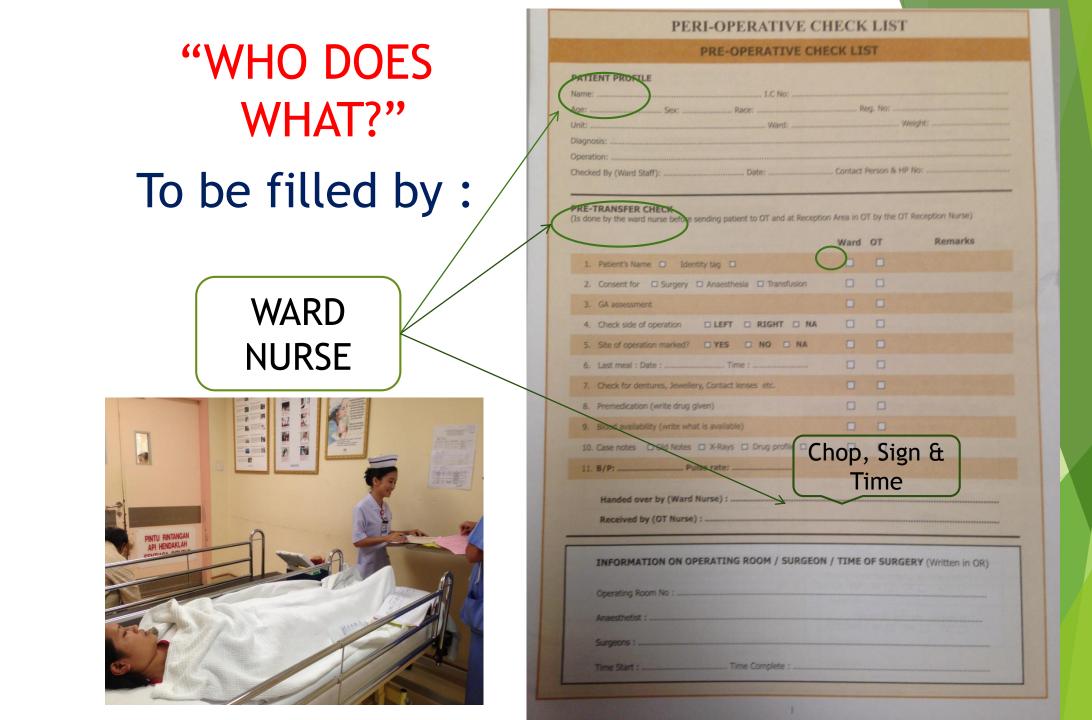


- Ensuring all equipment and supplies required for anesthesia are available and functioning prior to the commencement of anaesthesia
- Assist with patient transfer and positioning for surgery
- Recognize and respond appropriately to the changes and complications pre, intra and post operatively
- Anticipate the needs of the anaesthetist.

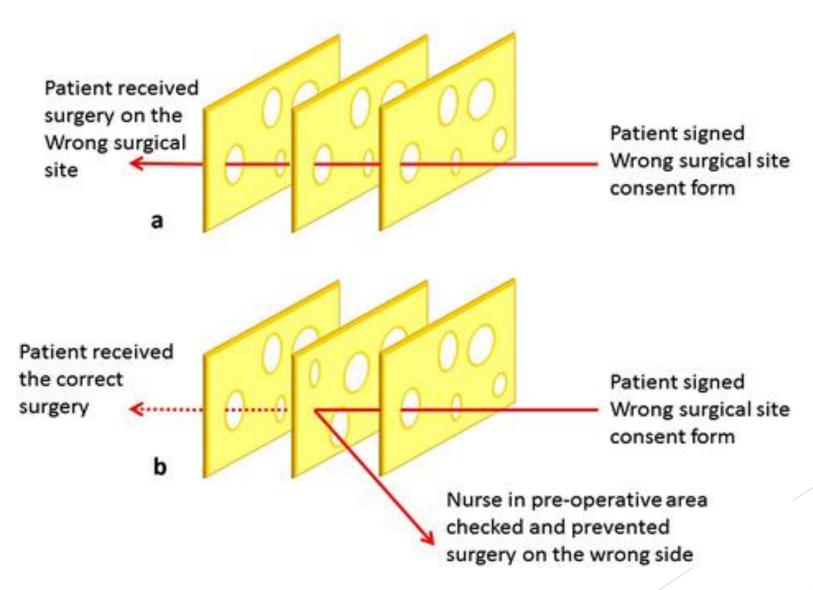
ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES – "WHO DOES WHAT?"

The **PATIENT PROFILE** and PRE-TRANSFER CHECK section is filled in the ward by the ward nurse before sending the patient to O.T.

| | | SSSI, POCL 09 VE |
|--|---------------------|---|
| PERI OPERATIVE | CHECK LIS | ST |
| PRE-OPERATIVE | CHECK LIST | and the second second |
| ATIENT PROFILE | | A REAL PROPERTY. |
| une : | LC. mt | |
| ge: | | |
| uit : | Weight | : |
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| senation : | | |
| accked by (Wani Saff): | Contact person & H. | P No : |
| UE-TRANSFER CHECK | | |
| done by the Ward Hurse before similing passes OT and as Revegana Area in OT by | Ward OT | Remarks |
| 1. Patient's Name Identity Tag | | |
| 2. Convent for LISurgery 11 Ameridiesis Transfision | | |
| 3. GA Assessment | | |
| 4 Check side of operation | | |
| 3. Site of operation marked? | | |
| 6. Last meal. Date Time | | |
| 7. Check for dentures, jewelleries, contact lenses en | | |
| 8. Premedication perm drug given, C | Chop, sign time | & |
| 9. Blood availability (were when is weighter, | | A STATE OF A |
| 10. Case notes Old naves Xarrys Drug Peol | | |
| 11. D/P Pulse rate | | |
| Handed over by (Ward Nurse) : | | |
| Received by (OT Surse) : | | |
| | | |
| INFORMATION ON OPERATING ROOM / SURGE | EON / TIME OF SUR | GERY (Written in OR.) |
| Operating room no: | | |
| Ansestherisr | | |
| Surgeons : | | |
| | | |



SWISS CHEESE MODEL



Intra operative

- Confirming patient identification and consent in accordance with SSSL with anesthetist and patient Correct Patient, Correct Procedure, Correct Site, should tally with particulars written on white board and BHT
- Being able to identify potential risks and take appropriate action to minimize risk
- Ensure all requirements is available within reach
- Confirms the surgical count in accordance with standards and anticipate the needs of the surgical team

Report any breaks in aseptic technique and initiate corrective action.

WHITE BOARD

The formal `TEAM'

- Written by HO/MO Surgery before gowning
- CONTENTS
 - Patient's Name
 - Proposed operation
 - Location or laterality of operation
 - Team Member's name
 - Special instructions/Reminders
 - Position, Antibiotic name & dose, Equipment/ Implants, on-table x-rays or special requirements or reminder





Ensure the safety of the patient during surgery and performing surgical counts with circulating nurse



INTRA-OP COMMUNICATIONS

Periodic Updates

- That encourages communication between team members during the surgery
- To determine and Scrub Nurse readiness to commence surgery
- Surgeon should inform the anaesthetist progress of the surgery
- Anaesthetist should up-date the patient vital sign
- Should be done at regular intervals

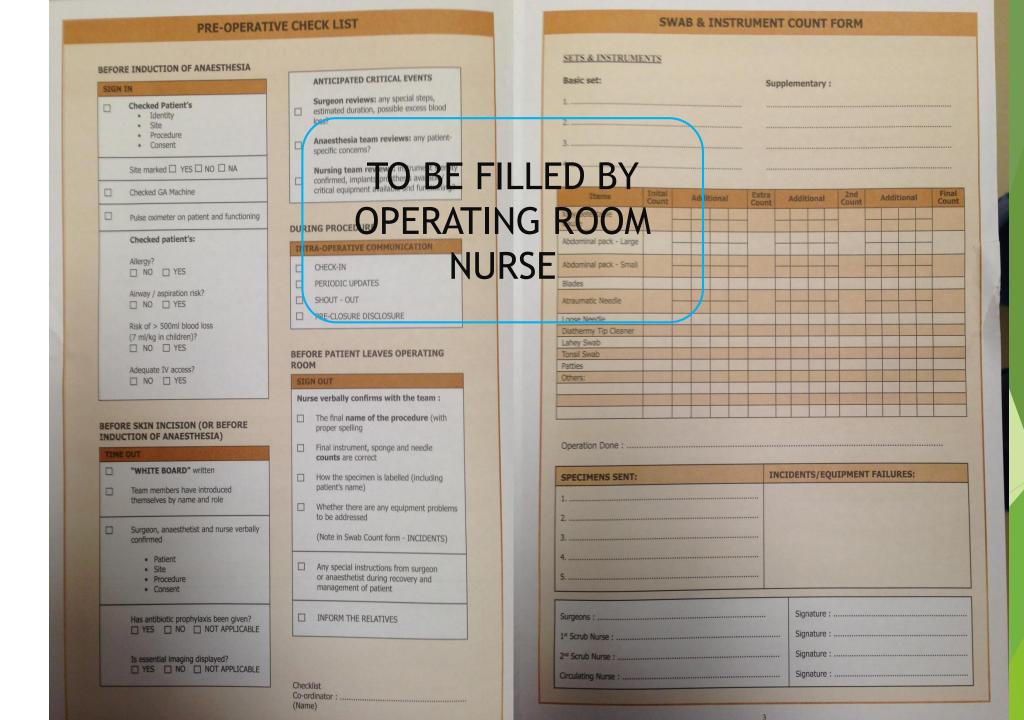




Pre-Closure Disclosure

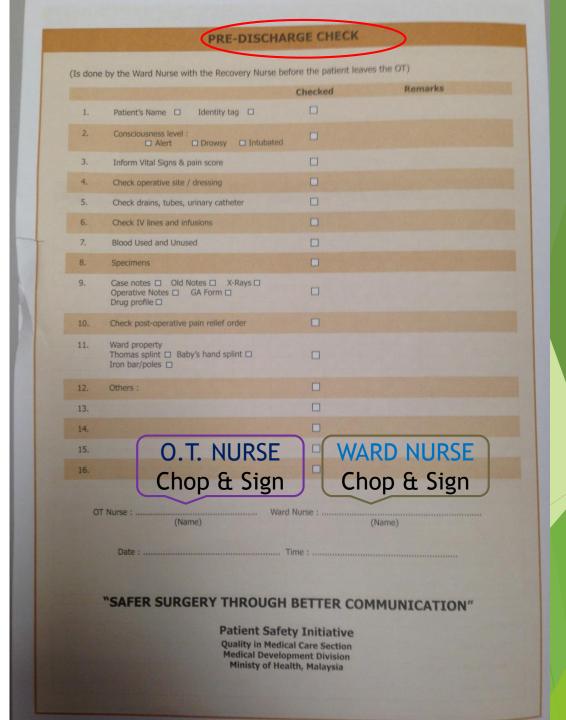
- Surgeon informs the conclusion of the procedure before closure of the wounds.
- Anaesthetist will plan & prepare reversal.
- Scrub Nurse can prepare for the closing sutures material need.
- Scrub Nurse will commenced the final swab & instrument count, inform the Surgeon when this is done and correct.
- Team members have appropriate time to plan for calling of next case





Pre-discharge Check

This is done by the Ward Nurse, together with the Recovery Room Nurse before the patient leaves the O.T.



Management skill

- Ensures competency and skills of staffs required for effective, safe patient care during the pre and post operative period
- Check on the staffing and the requirement of man power in each theatre
- Demonstrates a systemic and planned approach to all activities, identify potential risk and take action in accordance to the SSSL and policies in the operating theatre
- Monitoring of operating list progress to ensure smooth flow of surgeries listed completes in a timely manner

Cont-

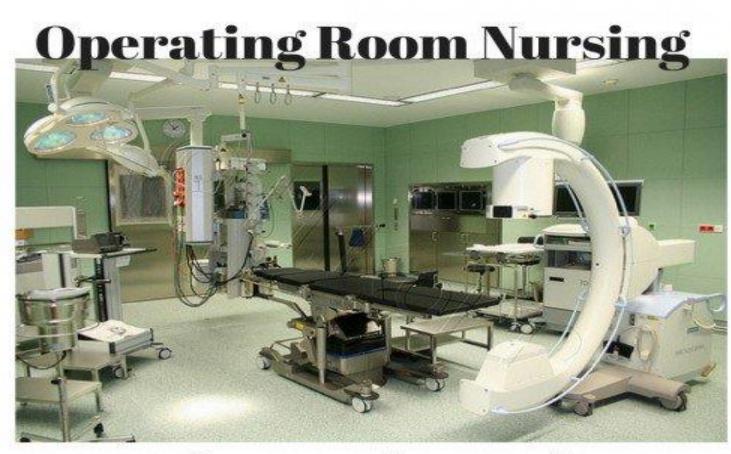
- Ensure operating theatre, equipments are safe and in functioning order
- Oversees infection control principles are adhered to departmental and hospital policies
- Ensures that the quality of care provided to patients is safe, efficient, effective, accessible, timely and consumer focused.

SURGICAL CONSCIENCE?

• THE GOLDEN RULE :

"DO UNTO THE PATIENT AS YOU WOULD HAVE OTHERS DO UNTO YOU"





The Hardest Job You'll Ever Love

THANK YOU

